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KING, REED & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE WAR!

Situation Critical!

ACTIVITY IN THE ARMIES!

The Parisians Confident!

FIGHTING ALONG THE LINE!

French Victory Probable!

RUSSIA GROWLS AT AUSTRIA!

Conference of Powers to Meet in London!

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS!

RUSSIA DETERMINED!

England Unyielding!

A SECRET TREATY RUMORED!

Bismarck Interviewed!

HE IS IN BAD HUMOR!

Diplomatic Conjectures!

GENERAL WAR NOTES!

Baden Troops go under King William!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

PARIS CONFIDENT.

LONDON, November 28.—A telegram, varying from all other authorities, has just been given to the public here, announcing that Paris is still confident and that there is subsistence in the city for two months and a half, bread, eight months, and wine and brandy for a year. The telegram says further, that the French are erecting additional defense on all sides.

BISMARCK INTERVIEWED.

LONDON, November 28.—The special correspondent of the *New York World*, who left Versailles on the 21st, brings the following report of an interview had with Bismarck on that day:

Correspondent—What is the explanation of the great satisfaction expressed by Germany at the plan of the campaign, especially in relation to Paris?

Bismarck—The capture of Paris is clamored for, and it must be accomplished sooner or later to satisfy the folks at home. Respecting the plan and merits of the campaign public opinion is widely astray. It bestows an undeserved injustice. Has my counsel been followed Paris would have been attacked long ago.

Correspondent—Your excellency says that your counsels were overruled?

Bismarck—When the forces led by General Von Blumenthal after the victories of Weissenburg and Worth had crossed the Vosges and marched toward Chalons, where the cavalry under Prince Albrecht stood, General Von Moltke desired to interpose a shield drawn up and help annihilate the army so hurriedly abandoned at Chalons. I urged that they should be ordered to continue their march right to Paris, then unprepared for a siege, and take it, or at least cut it off from the rest of France, which then he could more easily and quickly as possible. When the department Seine at Oise was reached it was found a hard nut to crack. Then I was for going to Rouen. How was the kernel to be reached? First we determined on bombardment, of which the experience in a somewhat park of artillery at Villa Coublay was complete proof. This measure I urged; but now comes a new disappointment. The king, under advice of Von Moltke, decided to let famine reduce the capital, trusting that disease and epidemic would contribute to hasten the surrender.

Correspondent—But this plan was universally supposed to be your own?

Bismarck—So far is that opinion from truth that I have now ceased to disguise my indignation at being no longer made a party to counsels in which great questions were decided. In not so important suggestion was decided without asking my advice. Now I begin great undertakings. When plans are adopted without consulting me, while positive disapproval falls upon me. Those who say it is my fault that Paris has not been bombarded are wholly in error. I have most ardently desired and strenuously urged it.

Correspondent—But at least with the satisfaction of having accomplished the unification of Germany?

Bismarck—No, no! I attribute the halting and partial failure of the attempt at German unity to the delay resulting from these opposing measures. Had my advice been followed the people of Bavaria and Wurtemburg would have been carried in on the wave which swept over Germany, and the imperial crown of the united Vaterland and Deutscher Kaiser would have become a reality instead of a theoretical confederation, as now about to be born. For me the great object of the war never lay on this side of the Rhine, but on the other side, and should have ended in a great country, one great people and one great emperor.

This extraordinary conversation was held under peculiar circumstances which cannot now be stated, but I have given almost the exact words uttered by the Chancellor!

LATE ADVICES FROM TOURS.

LONDON, November 28.—Advices from Tours have been received up to last evening. Gambetta returned to Tours on Friday.

A sharp engagement occurred at Demenin on Thursday. Two French batteries attacked a force of fifteen hundred Prussians, and after three hours fell, that force, and had three cannon. The Prussians were routed and pursued as far as Queneon.

FRENCH CITIZENS OFFER TO SURRENDER.

LONDON, November 28. Reports have been received here from time to time announcing that large bodies of citizens, and in some cases regular troops of the garrisons, have left Paris, come to the Prussian outposts and offered to surrender, but were invariably turned back. These reports have been confirmed to-day by advices from the German headquarters at Versailles.

A force of twenty thousand Prussians concentrated before one, in the department of the Eure et Loire, on Tuesday night, the 22d instant, retired towards Regent Le Patron on Thursday.

FAVRE EXPLAINS.

Jules Favre has issued another circular, dated the 24th, giving his version of the interviews with Bismarck, which is in substance the same as the one published yesterday. He says that in giving passport power to Thiers, he thought the principal object of negotiating Paris had not yet been conceded.

ANOTHER SORTIE.

A telegram, dated Tours, Nov. 25, says rumors were afloat in that city that a great sortie from Paris was planned on the 24th Fighting was going on at Montmorency.

Fire in the Prussians have left Sedan for Paris, bridges in their rear were destroyed.

DESULTORY FIGHTING.

TOURS, November 27.—There was desultory fighting at various points on the south side of the army of the Loire on Friday. No particulars. The Prussians reported near La Chapelle, twenty-five miles south-west of La Ferte.

An engagement took place on Saturday at the village of Beaune, near Amiens. The French troops repulsed the Germans with the bayonet. The assailants suffered severely.

Franc-Tireurs are reorganizing under superior officers and their efficiency has already been greatly enhanced. They make frequent captures of Prussian provisions and munitions, and, hiding in smaller bodies, inflict serious harm on Prussian communications.

The German plans for the investment of Orleans have failed into the hands of the French.

Engagements are reported at Casimirs and Dreux.

NORTHERN INVESTED.

LUXEMBOURG, November 27.—Hesty was commanding was heard yesterday in the direction of Thionville, and it is said that the fortress was closely invested, though siege work had not been commenced. The commandant refuses to surrender the fortress rather than surrender the garrison.

The garrison of Metz made a sortie Wednesday, but were driven back.

CONSOLIDATION OF TROOPS.

VERSAILLES, November 27.—By the treaty just signed here, the Baden troops are incorporated with the Prussian army, and will hereafter be under general command of King William and the war office at Berlin.

CREDIT GRANTED.

BERLIN, November 28.—In the North German Parliament to-day a bill granting a credit for 100,000,000 thalers, was read twice. Only four votes were against it on the second reading.

PRUSSIANS LEFT SEDAN.

Ten thousand Prussians have left Sedan for Paris. The bridges in their rear were destroyed.

RESIGNATION DECLINED.

A special correspondent of the New York *World*, at Versailles, telegraphs on the 27th that the resignation of Gen. Trochu, Chief of Staff of the army of the Loire, was declined.

A GRAND BATTLE IMPENDING.

TOURS, November 27.—The *Moniteur* says that a great battle is impending. Although the inaction of the Army of the Loire may be partly the intention to draw the enemy under the guns of this, without an appeal to the other alternatives. Gambetta's proclamation says that if the army of the Loire is not victorious it will still more justifiably keep, and if his successors refuse to support his policy Gambetta will resign. The Council of Ministers has been called to consider the proclamation on Tuesday, and it is said it will be approved by the majority. The council will not, however, accept the resignation of Gambetta.

SMALL POX IS SPREADING IN LYONS.

The Second Legion, under Col. Pegaux, left Lyons for Tours, on the 26th. Sixty thousand troops have passed through Lyons. Orders arrived at Lyons from Brittany. At Tours news of the capture of the French army was received. The advance guard of the Army of Metz, Gentille, Ferrey, Lapasset, Vergnille, Verdonne, and Arteuay. At the last-named place four cannons were captured.

Conference at Versailles on Friday, says that nothing definite was known of the progress made in negotiations between Odo Russell and Bismarck, but Prussia's feeling is that war cannot follow the action of Russia.

The Army of the Loire, as a body, has not been engaged north of Arthenay.

ENGLAND MUST YIELD OR FIGHT.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Count Catiesay, Russian Minister, now in this city, stated in a conversation, to-day, that Russia would not recede one jot from the position she has taken in regard to the treaty of 1856. England must comply with the demands of Gortschakoff, or war is inevitable.

The Hercules has been ordered to be ready next week to join the channel squadron under Vice Admiral Wellesley and Rear Admiral Wilmot. The flying squadron ordered to be made ready for sea by December 10th, will be composed of the following vessels: The Narcissus, a screw steam frigate of thirty-five guns, Captain Caddrington commanding; will be the flag-ship of Rear Admiral Paget Seymour; the Immortalite, a screw frigate of twenty-eight guns; the Cadmus, a screw corvette of sixteen guns; the Volage, an iron screw corvette, cased with wood, of eight guns; one corvette, and one sloop not yet selected. The Vanguard, a double screw, armor plated frigate of fourteen guns, has been ordered back from Lisbon.

Other Cable Dispatches.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, Nov. 26. The volunteer deputation of notables will leave this city to-day to meet the Spanish deputation, at Geneva on Monday. The latter are on their way here to officially inform the government of the election of the Duke Aosta a King of Spain.

CONGRATULATED.

King Victor Emanuel has already received congratulations of the Austrian and Prussian governments on the election of Aosta.

The soldiers of the class of 1845 are to be dismissed from active service on the first of next month.

Sharp shocks of an earthquake recently occurred in Romagna.

AUSTRIA.

MATTERS AT VIENNA.

LONDON, November 27.—A correspondent at Vienna telegraphs that the Prince of Saturday had a long interview with Beust, and that the opening scene in the meeting of delegations is a manifestation in favor of peace. An interview between Baron Von Beust's last note is not expected until the middle of next week. Some diplomatists in Vienna insist that Russia and Prussia have made a secret treaty. One-half of the sixty millions demanded by the War Department will be applied to complete the organization of the army.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, Nov. 26. The steamships Nebraska from Boston, from New York for Liverpool have arrived.

LIVERPOOL, November 26. The ship Magnet from Quebec capsized in the Mersey to-day. Seven lives were lost.

LONDON, November 26.—The steamships Ohio and Deutschland have sailed from Queenstown for New York. The former from Baltimore and the latter from New York.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The bark Josephine is stranded at the mouth of the Weser.

HUNGARY.

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR'S REPLY.

PESTH, November 26. The Emperor of Austria, in replying to the address of the delegation of the Hungarian Diet, dwelt on the seriousness of recent events, and hoped the efforts of their deputations would tend to patriotism and a proper sense of the common interests of the different divisions of the monarchy.

PESTH, Nov. 27.—Count Patalki has tendered the resignation of the Ministry.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, November 26.—2:30 P. M.—Consols 92¾@93, bonds quiet. U. S. 5-20's, 1865, old, 90 @ 90¾; 90-08 88¾. Stocks quiet: Erie 18¾; Illinois Central 93; Western 28.

LIVERPOOL, November 26.—Cotton dull and drooping; middling uplands 9 9-16d; Orleans 9¾@9¾d; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,500. Sales of Wednesday's receipts not reported. Corn 30s. 6d. Pork 80s. Beef 112s 6d. Lard 68s. Cheese 71s 6d. Spirits petroleum 9; refined 19½.

FRANKFORT, November 26.—5-20s are quoted at 85¾—issue of 1862 Erie 27.

BY MAIL FROM ABROAD.

ENGLISH sympathy in the European war is said to be gradually changing from Germany to France.

An insurance company has been formed at Lille to insure property against the damage resulting from bombardment.

The Cologne *Gazette* insists that so long as France refuses to admit the principle of a cession of territory the war must be continued.

THE prowess of the German army is the more remarkable from the fact that up to the Danish campaign, both officers and men were utterly inexperienced in war.

THE new uniform of the Russian army is similar to the naval uniform of other nations. The clothing remains dark blue, and the epaulets and gold lace are discarded.

THE Earl of Egmont, a childless millionaire, requested his heir to assume the name of his estate, and that she will be bound no longer by the treaty of 1856. England says in reply that the treaty binds no individuals, but governments. Thus matters rest, but quiet can be maintained only so long as Russia contents herself by merely affirming that she will believe herself from the obligation of the treaty and refraining from action. In consequence of that affirmation, England has withdrawn the state intenting herself by protesting in turn her determination to go to war when Russia contents and carries out her threat. The situation may remain for months, or until the end of the present war, when a conference of the powers will be held to which will be given the treaty and give to Russia what she asks.

THE is the present programme of the peace party in the Cabinet, which seems to have the upper hand. The war party remonstrates and declares that Europe is by no means friendly with Russia, and that it is a Prussian game; that war is ultimately certain unless England is ready to engage immediately in the fight; that it is better to fight now when the purse's hands are full, than to wait until she is at liberty to aid Prussia. The Peace men seem about to carry the day.

AUSTRIA IS THREATENED.

A correspondent in Berlin says: Silesia and Prussia were enabled to set a time for the beginning of war. By this understanding not only was the neutrality of Russia secured, but Gortschakoff had even pledged himself to no strain Austria from interfering in behalf of Prussia and France. Some weeks ago the Cabinet of St. Petersburg thought that peace was about to be made prematurely, and science was broken concerning the designs of Russia. In Germany, no one apprehends that there will be a conflict. The impression concerning the objection of Russia to the treaty of 1856, can be settled by a Congress.

A NEW TREATY.

BERLIN, Nov. 26.—A treaty lately concluded between the North German Confederated States and Hesse Darmstadt will be submitted to the North German Parliament on the 5th of December.

King Williams, of Prussia, has sent an autograph letter to the King of Bavaria.

BELGRADE, Nov. 27. The *Vid Vodan*, commenting on an article in the *Journal de St. Petersburg*, says: The prosperity of the principalities does not depend on the protection of the Czar and the Sublime Porte, but on various internal reforms.

PURLOUGHS GRANTED RUSSIAN SOLDIERS.

LONDON, November 26.—Prince Gortschakoff reply to Earl Granville maintains the position assumed in his first note, and withdraws nothing. With peculiar adroitness he contrives to throw the onus of commencing hostilities on England.

The Cabinet are again quarreling over the decision arrived at to-day and will hold another council to-morrow before coming to a final decision will be reached. The cabinet meet the Queen in Council at Windsor on Tuesday.

RUMORS OF WAR UNFOUNDED.

LONDON, November 27.—A report was in circulation this afternoon that Russia had declared war, but it proved unfounded.

Fifteen has made tender of her good offices as mediator between Russia and the other powers, the basis on which the proposal is made being yet unknown.

[Special to the N. Y. World.]

THE RUSSIAN IMBROGLIO.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Prince Gortschakoff in a note circulated in London with Malmesbury, that she will be bound no longer by the treaty of 1856. England says in reply that treaties only bind governments, not individuals. Thus matters rest, but quiet can be maintained only so long as Russia contents herself by merely affirming that she believes herself from the obligation of the treaty and refraining from action. In consequence of that information, England has withdrawn the statement, but by protesting in turn her determination to go to war when Russia contents and carries out her threat. The situation may remain for months, or until the end of the present war, when a conference of the powers will be held to which will be given the treaty and give to Russia what she asks.

PARIS FORTS OPEN FIRE.

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SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

Fraud in the Census Returns—Punishment to be Meted out to the Offenders—Disappointment Over Census Results—Spain and the Allied Republics—Gold Sales Ordered for December—Three Per Cent. Certificates Called in—Important Internal Revenue Order Regarding Tobacco Scraps—Verger, the Murderer of Crane, Sent to Prison for Life—Medical Convention Postponed, etc., etc.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, November 26, 1870.

THE CENSUS TO BE RETAKEN IN SEVERAL OF THE STATES.

Owing to defects in the law for taking the census, and neglect or fraud on the part of some Assistant Marshals, returns from some States are still incomplete. General Walker has long doubted the accuracy of former enumerations, especially in the South, and he is now convinced that very little dependence can be placed in the returns of 1850 and 1860 from those parts of the country. The great need of the Bureau has been that of traveling agents to oversee the work, and by their watchfulness incite marshals and their assistants to do their duty faithfully. Many very valuable statistics might also have been gathered by such agents, which are now lost. The law, however, made no provision for their employment. Wherever frauds have been discovered new enumerations have been made, and in several cases those found guilty of making false returns have been arrested.

ONE DELINQUENT TRIPPED UP.

One Assistant Marshal has just been caught in Georgia, and will probably serve two years in the State prison as punishment for his crime. A Marshal in Virginia has added more names than there were inhabitants in his district, but as the law does not require the Marshal to swear to the returns, conventional crime cannot be proved against him. General Walker has been surprised in many instances to receive returns from fictitious sub-divisions, and on inquiry has found that the Assistant Marshals to whom the work was assigned, finding it not profitable to do it, had supposed, have neglected it entirely. The work in the subdivisions has caused much delay. On the whole the census will be far more complete than any previous one, and very few cases of fraud will be undiscovered.

THE CUSTOM HOUSE INVESTIGATION.

Special Treasury Agent Leopold writes from Buffalo that on account of supposed irregularities in the United States Custom House he depositories at that place, he has taken charge of those offices, and will at once proceed to investigate the books. One of the irregularities lies in the balances in the deposit depository, which places the sum of $500,000 to the credit of the Government without stating that amount on hand, as it should do.

RETIRED OFFICERS.

By an order issued to-day a large number of army officers were relieved from service, to date from December 1, 1870, being the first, on their own application after thirty years of service; second, for reasons resulting from long and faithful service from wounds and injuries received from the enemy; third, ordered or from exposure in line of battle, and upon full rank of command held by them when they severally retired. Officers are to receive seventy-five per cent. of full pay for life.

BULLION.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The Secretary of the Treasury to-day authorized a behind fund of $50,000 in gold, and $15,000 in silver, to date from December 1, 1870, being the first, on their own application after thirty years of service; second, for reasons resulting from long and faithful service from wounds and injuries received from the enemy; third, ordered or from exposure in line of battle, and upon full rank of command held by them when they severally retired. Officers are to receive seventy-five per cent. of full pay for life.

SEMI-MONTHLY CHINA MAIL.

Postmaster General Creswell will recommend in his annual report that the present monthly service to China and Japan instead of the present monthly service. The Pacific Mail Company has purchased the new steamer Alaska, which will ply monthly.

WASHINGTON, November 27, 1870.

CENSUS RETURNS.

The census office has received full returns from two thirds of the States and incomplete returns from the remaining third. It is expected that the list will be full in about ten days. There is much disappointment at the result in many of the States, the returns of population footing up larger totals than those reported, having been anticipated. New Jersey shows a population of 906,096, a population of this State, according to official data is 895,772. The census of 1860 showed a population of 672,035.

GOLD SALES ORDERED THIS MONTH.

The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered the Assistant Treasurer in New York to sell one million dollars in gold each Wednesday, and purchase one million dollars in bonds each Thursday, during the month of December. The amount of gold sold will be $4,000,000, and bonds purchased to the same amount. The Assistant Treasurer of New York ordered the Assistant Treasurer of New York to sell $4,000,000 in gold during the month of December next no interest will be paid upon the three per cent. certificates of the denomination of $10,000 to $50,000, of the one hundred and forty-seven inclusive, and of the denomination of $10,000 between Nos. one and one hundred and forty-seven. By this date the certificates will be payable after that time as a portion of the lawful money reserves held by the National Banking Association. These certificates in aggregate amount to two million dollars.

SPAIN AND THE ALLIED REPUBLICS.

The new minister from Bolivia is expected shortly. Spain will participate in an adjourned meeting of the Peace Conference between ministers from Spain and the allied republics, to be held at Lima, Peru, Ecuador and Bolivia, will be held, with Secretary Fish as arbiter. No doubt they will agree upon terms and will settle their differences and advance their maternal interests.

INTERNAL REVENUE ORDER.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue decides that the manufacturers of cigars in the United States, selling scraps and clippings to Cigar manufacturers in Canada, must ship and pay stamp taxes for the Canadian Custom House depository, which places the sum of $500,000 to the credit of the Government without stating that amount on hand, as it should do.

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BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Republicans clearly swept Nevada.

Florence, Ky., had a $7,000 fire yesterday.

The Union Pacific Railroad on Saturday sold 12,000 acres of land.

M. Grosvier De Cossaignac, will commence the republication of the Journal in Brussels.

Harry Handbiest was killed near Urbana, O., while crossing the railroad track.

The hosts of the Arlington House dined and wined the Washington Journalists yesterday.

A lumber shed of the Illinois Central Railroad in Cicago was burned yesterday. Loss $20,000.

L. L. Waugh, one of the victims of the Denison House fire in Covington, Ky., died Saturday.

A trunk containing a corpse and checked as baggage, was sent through to California a few days ago.

Peter Kirchel shot and killed Harry Throckmorton, in a quarrel at Owensburg, Ky., yesterday.

Five dwelling houses on Centre street, Philadelphia, were entirely destroyed by fire yesterday morning.

The weather was like summer yesterday in Cincinnati. The thermometer reached ninety degrees in the shade.

The United States Circuit Court assembles to-day in Memphis. Forty cases of illegal office holding will be tried.

The wrecking steamer "Eckert" is making good progress in removing the wrecks of the burnt steamers at Evansville.

One G. Henry Murdock is traveling through Indiana, pretending to be a correspondent of the Mobile *Register*. He is a swindler.

Saturday was the eighty-seventh anniversary of the evacuation of the city of New York by the British, during the war.

A large number of conductors of the Seventh avenue railroad were arrested in New York last night, charged with embezzlement.

The residence of J. P. Wyman, at Webster Grove, several miles west of St. Louis, was burned yesterday. Loss $17,000; insured for $20,000.

John Armstrong and Charles Jolly, the butchers of the Lapine family, near Potosi, a few days ago, were captured on Wednesday, and are now in jail at Potosi.

Seven cars on the Ogdensburg through freight train, loaded with flour, grain and lumber, were thrown from the track on Saturday and totally destroyed.

In a quarrel at Hawesville, Ky., Saturday, between two boys, one named Jacob White, stabbed Wilson Taylor to the heart. Both are about 15 years of age.

R. F. Mackey, charged with having committed a murder near Frankfort, Ky., last March, was arrested in St. Louis. He will be held until a requisition from Gov. Stevenson arrives.

Ezra Batchelder, of North Brookfield, Mass., head of the firm of E. & A. H. Batchelder & Co., the largest manufacturers of boots and shoes in the country, died yesterday, aged sixty-nine.

The Dominion government has decided to grant 3,000,000 acres of land to aid in the construction of a railway along the north shore of the St. Lawrence, connecting Quebec and Montreal with Ottawa.

On Friday morning a coal bin in Plymouth was burned. On searching the ruins the remains of two men were found. It is supposed the men had been drinking on Thanksgiving and entered the bin to sleep.

A negro named Thomas Watkins, was shot dead five miles east of Memphis yesterday by another named Barney Bailey, because Watkin's refused to give him his prige for meat. Bailey was arrested and committed.

Nevada, according to the latest advices has elected twelve Republicans and eleven Democrats to the Senate, and twenty Reoublicans and sixteen Democrats to the Assembly. There is no United States Senator till 1872.

—A dispatch from Eastport, Me., says: The schooner "White Raven," of Glocester, was seized yesterday by the Dominion Government cutter "Wanderer," and taken to St. Johns, N. B. The crew have arrived at Eastport.

The St. Louis *Republican* has dispatches from Jefferson City, which say nothing is known there of the reported resignation of Senator Drake, and that the rumors that Governor McClurg will call an extra session of the Legislature are unfounded.

Congressman C. C. Washburne is in Washington, and will push his bill in Congress this winter for establishing Postal Telegraphs in the United States. He reports that the last letter received from his brother, Minister to Washburne, at Paris, was dated a month ago.

It is stated that a gentleman, whose name is withheld, had thirty th usand dollars in greenbacks and other papers in the safe in the building which was burned on Thursday in St. Louis, and as the safe door was open during the fire it is believed that all the money is lost.

Daniel Donovan, engineer of freight train on the Missouri & Pacific Railroad, was fatally injured on Friday by his train running with a hand car laden with iron rails, near Warrensburg, about twenty-two miles from St. Louis. Donovan's relatives reside in New York.

Samuel Nelson an old citizen and prominent Odd Fellow of Evansville, Ind., was badly injured on Saturday by being thrown from his horse. Samuel D. Kahn of the same town, also an old citizen, was run over by a horse and severely injured. Both cases will prove fatal.

—An election was held on Friday in the Fourth Congressional district of North Carolina, to fill the vacancy in the Forty-first Congress. The Republican candidate was Joseph W. Holden, of Wake county, and the Democratic candidate was John Manning, Jr., of Chatham county.

Dr. D. P. Stone died suddenly of heart disease at Concord, N. H., on Saturday morning. He was formerly editor of the *Congressional Journal*, more recently editor of the *Christian Reporter*, and at the time of his death was Treasurer of the N. H. Missionary and Bible Mission Society. His age was seventy years.

—The aggregate value of real estate in Cincinnati, exclusive of railroads, assessed territory, is one hundred and thirty millions, two hundred and sixty thousand nine hundred and ninety-eight dollars; real property held by churches nearly four millions; by colleges, parks and cemeteries, over two millions and a half.

—Washington special to the *Evening Post* of this city, says that Secretary Delano made a favorable report at the Cabinet meeting as to the Republican prospects for carrying Georgia at the election in December. Mr. Delano expressed surprise that ex-Secretary Cox's report had been given to the press so far in advance of the assembling of Congress.

Since 1:33 the 26th day of November has been observed each succeeding year as a sort of holiday in New York. In the olden time the day was celebrated much the same and in the same patriotic spirit as the Fourth of July, but latterly only a few unimportant events have been made by the First Division, which held on this anniversary its regular fall parade. This year General Shaler decided to omit the parade, as the Brooklyn and made only or two more parades thus usual this summer

NEW YORK CITY.

Safe Robbery—Funeral of Commodore Carter —Assignee Appointed—The McFarland Legal Defendants Sue for Fees—New Export Law—Counterfeiters Captured, etc., etc.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, November 26, 1870.

SAFE ROBBERY.

The safe of the Hoboken city treasurer was blown open last night and robbed of the entire contents, including accounts for the past ten years, coupon bonds amounting to $60,000, and some private property, bonds, mortgages, &c., to the amount of $8,000. The money was deposited in the bank.

AID FOR FRANCE.

The new steamship Erie, lying at pier No. 3, North river, New York, for six days past, has received a large invoice of small arms and other munitions of war, intended for France. She has now on board ten thousand Springfield muzzle-loading muskets. Part of these were obtained from the United States Government at a recent public sale. She is to receive fifteen thousand more, and will probably clear from this port either to-day or Monday. Her crew, numbering about one hundred men, are all on board, and though they have not yet signed articles and are not sure of their destination, they expect to reach some port of France by way of Cowes, England. She is evidently all ready for sea. Her fires are banked and she has all her supplies on board. The vessel is owned in Boston, but has been chartered in New York through Vernon H. Brown & Co., agent, at the price for two months' service of $120,000 in gold, the commission allowed the agent being five per cent., or $6,000. Consul General Roesing stated last evening that he had not heard of the Erie loading with arms, and that if he had he would not have informed his Government. He had officially reported the sailing of other vessels with arms for France, and would do so in this case, but as to concern himself in the matter, because there was no law among nations to prevent such shipments.

COUNTERFEITERS CAPTURED.

Col. Whiteley, chief of the secret service division of the Treasury Department, has received a telegram from Springfield, Ill., informing him that detectives Appiegate, Lanegan and Eagan have succeeded in capturing the Mendenhall gang, a most notorious counterfeiter and one of the most desperate characters in the west, Peter McCartney, alias Joe Woods, and Hinton, a Frenchman, one of his confederates. In the possession of McCartney was found $113,000 in counterfeit money of various denominations.

SHIPMENT OF ARMS.

In answer to a question yesterday, relating to the steamship Erie, which is lying at pier No. 3, Northriver, laden with arms for France the North German Consul General said that he had been instructed by his Government not to pay any attention to these shipments of arms, as there is no law of nations prohibiting the exportation from neutral countries. It is stated that the Erie will have on board, when her cargo is complete, over 150,000 Enfield rifles.

NEW EXPORT LAW.

A letter has been received sent to Hon. Geo. S. Boutwell, Secretary of the Treasury, by five firms extensively engaged in the grain, produce and exporting trades, in behalf of a new export law, to settle their differences of interpretation.

INTERNAL REVENUE ORDER.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue decides that the manufacturers of cigars in the United States, selling scraps and clippings to Cigar manufacturers in Canada, must ship and pay stamp taxes for the Canadian Custom House depository, which places the sum of $500,000 to the credit of the Government without stating that amount on hand, as it should do.

THE NEWPORT BRIDGE. A THREAT.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, November 27.—Mr. Gaither, President of the Cincinnati and Newport Bridge Company, in an interview published in the *Commercial* this morning, states in a manner that seems semi-official, that the company will not abandon the bridge or negotiate the bridge to one hundred feet; that rather than do so, it would be the obvious policy of the Pennsylvania Central to make connection at Louisville, or build a bridge above the city, to make southern connections. For about negotiations were proceeding looking in certain contingencies, to crossing the river at Louisville.

Statistics of Slaughtering at the West.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 26.—The secretary of the Merchants' Exchange here has the following statistics of hog killing:

St. Louis, same time last season, 80,061; Chicago, 121,37; last season, 149,000; Cincinnati, 100,000; last season, 12,000; Louisville, 45,000; last season, 73,300; Indianapolis, 30,000; last season, 37,000; Milwaukee, 17,000; last season, 3,700; St. Joseph, Mo., 5,685. Total, 368,500. Last season, 461,085.

Sugar Crop Promising.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, Nov. 27.—Sugar crop is promising, and grinding has commenced at Cienfuegas and Remeglas.

Upper Rivers.

OIL CITY, November 26—9:15 A. M.—River twenty-five inches and falling slowly. Weather cloudy and cool.

The steamship Baltimore, from Bremen has arrived at Baltimore. Capt. Virckler reports that in the north he passed through a vast fleet of fourteen French men-of-war. One gave chase and parried the ballots for a few hours, but the latter being the fastest vessel left the Frenchmen far astern. The Baltimore came around the north coast of Scotland.

EASTPORT, Me., November 27.—Captain Hunt, of the propeller Philadelphia, reports a large white bark ashore on Point au Petee this morning. He supposed it to be the Harvey Birell.

STATE ITEMS.

WAYNESBURG has a lecture association.

NED BUNTLINE is to lecture in Scranton.

NEW CASTLE is to have a new brick freight house.

MUHLENBURG College at Allentown wants money.

WAYNESBURG has too many Sunday corner loafers.

JUDGE WILL of Littletown, Adams county is dead.

COL. JAMES MCKAY, aged 86, died in Erie last week.

CANAL postoffice, Venango county, has been discontinued.

VARIEGATED marble of fine quality has been found in Lancaster.

CLINTON and Forest counties afford good deer hunting this season.

HON. JOHN CESSNA will contest the seat of Hon. B. F. Myers for Congress.

SCRANTON boasts of 28 clergymen, 43 doctors, 69 lawyers, and only one policeman.

DANVILLE has a large Gipsey camp near the town. Chickens will suffer thereabouts.

THE pay of the Postmaster at Lebanon has been fixed at $2,200, which includes rent, clerk hire, &c.

JOHN GRAFT of White township, Indiana county, fell from a ladder and broke his arm last week.

REMOVALS of dead from the burial grounds in Lebanon to the General Cemetry are now taking place.

GROFF'S distillery in Lancaster was destroyed by fire last week. Loss $50,000; insurance $40,000.

HOMER SAMPLE, formerly of Millinsburg, has been captured by the Texas Indians with a drove of cattle.

WILLIAM KOHLER, aged 17, of Wellsboro, was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun while out hunting.

HON. F. CARROLL Brewster has been elected President of the Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania.

SAMUEL THOMPSON, of George township, Fayette county, was crushed to death by a limestone rock falling on him.

LAST week Michael Lieb, of Paradise, York county, aged sixty years, was thrown from his buggy and instantly killed.

THE Methodists have just erected a church on Arch street, Philadelphia, which cost $300,000 and the ground $30,000 more.

CONSCIENTIOUS thieves returned to the pulpit fund from whence stolen articles of two churches in Middletown, two valuable bibles.

CLARK WATSON of Conemaugh township, Indiana county, has raised a seven pound turnip measuring 28 inches in circumference.

THE Jordan Rolling Mills, at Allentown, have been sold to the Glee Iron Company for $148,000, and work has been resumed there.

TWO fourteen months old Chester pigs were slaughtered in Londonderry township last week, weighed when dressed together 920 pounds.

AN adjourned meeting of the "Farmers' Institute of Eastern Pennsylvania" will be held at West Chester, on Thursday, December 8th.

AN oil dealer lost a set of teeth from a rapidly moving train at Scranton by putting his head out of the train and opening his mouth too wide.

THE West Chester paper says that there is no foundation whatever for the reported illness of Wayne MacVeigh, Minister to Constantinople.

THE Pennsylvania Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb has 250 inmates, one hundred of the institution there are 134 deaf and dumb persons in Philadelphia.

DR. JOHN W. BECHTEL is on trial in Harrisburg on the charge of causing an abortion, and causing the death of Lillie Mason, *alias* Fanny Farcross.

J. S. MYERS, Esq., was appointed by the Court at Franklin, Auditor to distribute the $61,000 accruing from the sale of the Pithole Branch Railroad.

DEER are unusually numerous in the mountains north of Lebanon. A party out in that vicinity on the hunt, a few days since, saw six and killed one.

AT the burning of the Conestoga cork factory, at Lancaster, four firemen were seriously injured. The loss by the fire was $25,000; insurance $16,000.

The Democrats of Westmoreland want their county legislated into an independent judicial district, and are circulating petitions to that effect.

WM. D. SCARR, a young man of fifty, left his wife and family at New Wilmington last week, and with a young woman traveled in some unknown direction.

IT is rumored that R. H. Sayre, Esq., Superintendent of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, is soon to be married to the widow of the Hon. Richard Brodhead, of Easton.

A MERCER man has been delivered of a pencil nearly seven inches long which he swallowed while sleeping about a year ago. The pencil caused him serious annoyance.

GOVERNOR GEARY has appointed Theodore Schuch, Esq., editor of the Stroudsburg *Jeffersonian*, an Associate Judge of Monroe county, in place of Judge Levering, deceased.

AN exchange says that Benjamin Harris Brewster, a noted citizen of Philadelphia, was recently married to the fair widow of a widow named Imogen J. Tiernan for breach of promise.

DAVID E. STEVENS, aged thirty-one years, died in Bellefonte, recently, of heart disease. He was by profession a lawyer, but was for some years connected with the editorial staff of that place.

DAVID CARSKADDON, one of Lock Haven's most enterprising citizens, died suddenly of

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Cathedral Street.

MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1870.

BONDS at Frankfort 90¾.

GOLD closed in New York Saturday at 111¼.

DEATH OF JAMES GORMLEY.

We were pained to hear of the death yesterday morning, of Mr. James Gormley, at his residence on North avenue, Allegheny City. Thus another of the landmarks of the olden time has passed away forever. When we first knew him, about 1830, he was a dry goods merchant doing business on Market street. He was known then, as ever since, for great purity of life and character, of an unambitious, gentle and kindly temper and habits,—a man so constitutionally amiable that to quarrel or dispute was, with him, impossible. He retired from active business about 1838, and was appointed Secretary or Clerk to the County Commissioners, which honorable and responsible position he occupied continuously for nearly twenty years with credit to himself and entire satisfaction to the Commissioners and all who had business with them. About 1858, Mr. Gormley retired from the Commissioners Office and on account of feeble health has never since resumed business of any sort; for the last nine months he has been confined by partial paralysis to the house, the vital energies constantly growing less and less until the end. He had reached the ripe age of 71 years. He was connected by blood or marriage with several of our best known and most esteemed families. He will be long remembered and lamented by all who knew him, for all such were his friends; he had no enemies. Peace to his ashes.

UTAH.

Chief-Justice McKean, by his rulings, will settle the Mormon question. How that question is to be definitely settled, is a matter very far from being determined, but the Chief-Justice is taking steps in the right direction, and if suffered to persevere will unquestionably relieve the country of a Mormon settlement. In the late United States Courts held in the Territory, a *venire* was issued to the United States Marshal, and in obedience there to he summoned Grand Jurors. Counsel for certain prisoners challenged the panel, on the ground that the Grand Jurors had not been selected according to the laws of the Territory. The Chief Justice overruled the challenge. This settles one point, but as yet a minor one, for the Grand Jury presented no bills against polygamy, nor indeed for anything, but murder. But the ruling has been made, and Utah is no longer a Territory almost inaccessible. Railway communication has opened its lands to enterprising men, and the East will pour a flood of inhabitants into it, that have been educated under a different standard, and who can no longer be ruled off of the Grand Juries. The late ruling places the *venire* in the hands of the United States Marshal, and as soon as a Gentile Grand Jury is once summoned, polygamy will be brought to the judicial notice of the Court. In connection with this, aliens who are enjoying the privileges and immunities of the Mormon religion, have been declared not to be entitled to naturalization. This will decrease the power of Mormonism, and give rights of citizenship only to children born within the limits of the Union. The increase of population however in this direction must be much slower than by the tide of emigration, and in a few years the question of polygamy will be ruled out of Utah by the actual residents of that Territory.

PATENTS.

The N. Y. *Tribune* lately made the inquiry why Mr. Sherman should find it necessary to go abroad, in order to have his new process for making steel tested, instead of subjecting that process to a home investigation. To this W. C. Dodge, of Washington city, replies, and among other assertions states that, "our patent laws are so framed as to discriminate against our own citizens. England grants patents to anyone—no matter who—native or foreigner, who ever *introduces* a new invention there; while we refuse a patent to one of our own citizens, even though he is an original inventor, if there can be found *anywhere in the world* even a description of it, or that something similar once existed, though it was never put in practice by any one." As Mr. Sherman's new process was of such a character that he did not desire to have any patent on it, and as he went to England in order to sell to that Government, what our Government refused to purchase, the severity of our Patent laws, does not really come into question, so far as Mr. Sherman is regarded. But is it true that it is so much more difficult to secure a patent here for an invention than in England. If it be so, why is it that English writers, inveigh against the difficulty thrown across the pathway of English men desirous of securing a patent. One of the heros of Charles Reade is compelled to leave home, country, love, everything and come to America to get a patent, that red tape and indifference totally failed in securing in England. No light strictures were cast on the English Government, on this very point, and the abuse was not measured. If Mr. Reade is right, Mr. Dodge is wrong. But it is very common in all lands and under all governments, to make "odious comparisons," and we are inclined to believe Mr. Reade, that the English Government is not so much better in respect to Patents than is our own.

THE NEW PARTY.

Every day demonstrates more clearly that there is really no separate or distinct organization outside of the Republican and Democratic parties. The little bantling to cast out into the world, homeless, friendless, friendless. It is not even permitted to have a name, and like Topsy, if questioned as to its parents, it would be compelled to answer it "never had none but just growed." While there was a possibility of dividing the strength of the Republican party, the Democracy patted it on the back, called it pet names, and patted it to the echo. When, however, the office fattened Republicanism stood firm and unyielding. Democracy showed its utter contempt and scorn of the puny weakling. So much lip-love had been expressed for this handful of discontented men, so ruthlessly had the Democracy apparently fought to give it strength, so much was done to flatter its vanity, that it really began to think like the fly on the coach wheel, that the political equipage of the Union had been prepared solely for its use and purposes. There has however come an awakening to its grand dream. It has learned the fact that it has only been used as a cats-paw, to draw the roasted chestnuts from the fire for Democracy to feast upon.

The Chicago *Tribune*, hoaxed down the Republican flag from its mast head, and under inspiration of Democratic flattery, proclaimed itself the leader of the new organization. Prior to the election, Democratic journals quoted it, and one might have thought, from this time forth, the Chicago *Tribune* would be an thralled sheet among Democrats. How cruelly then has the Chicago *Times* dispelled the illusion. That journal says:

"Go on gentlemen, and organize a new party. You have the whole Republican party to draw from. It is possible that a few disgusted Democrats, looking for office and disgusted with the regular nominees of their party, may follow the new movement, and possibly the chief of the Chicago *Tribune* may get his share of the offices. But the Democratic party is in love with itself; it does not believe that any person or party is necessary to its existence; it has no fear that the new movement will affect it in the least degree; it is not disposed to make any concessions to the new party, and will not be disposed to do so after election. The

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

(SUCCESSORS TO R. JONES & CO.)

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Orders executed on the reasonable terms for the PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, November 26, 1870.

The money market exhibited unusual steadiness during the week, and, at the close, loans were easy, and really first class paper in demand. What another week may develop, a fresh revival in business, or upsets in London over the Prussian question, sending our bonds home and disturbing trade to the outermost part of the world, cannot be told. Unless there is some extraordinary outside derangements, we look for but little change in the local rates for money until the next quarter-day is passed.

Our home stock market has had scarcely a ripple of excitement. Good investments are so closely pocketed, that only stray lots are seen now and then. Indeed, parties seeking safe and lucrative investments for spare capital, or for estates, are compelled, of late, to go outside of the old list of Bank, Bridge, Gas, Passenger Railway shares, and the like. And as deposits have daily increased in our National and Savings Banks, with and without interest. The growing scarcity of good investment stocks, and the rapid accumulation of deposits mentioned, are pleasing evidences of the growth of capital among us, but if Pittsburgh would emulate the example of some of the western cities which have beaten us in the race, she would, as they have done, turn much of this idle money to better account. Two railroad enterprises, whose speedy completion would be worth more to Pittsburgh than all the savings banks she contains, need her aid. We mention but one to-day—the Pittsburgh and Connellsville, with her outlet Eastwards nearly completed, and the contemplated air-line to Chicago, which should be taken into the purposes and immediate plans of every business man in the city. The road east wards will soon give a seaboard market, for our iron, coal and oil, better than any we have yet had, because more cheaply reached. The bonds of this Company, now offering at 90, are as safe as any in the country. Pittsburgh has been asked, pleaded with, to invest in them for years past—the road will soon back hundreds for every dollar invested, —and yet a few beggarly thousands, only, have been sold in this market. Baltimore has taken ten to our one, of them. Economy, enterprise, business sagacity, carefulness, all invite, nay urge us, to furnish the means, and hasten the completion of this great undertaking. As an *interest investment*, we unhesitatingly recommend the bonds to any one—as a good business investment, they will pay our manufacturers and merchants a hundred per cent. better than many things that some of them are looking upon with much more favor.

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices or wire:

Bonds—1881	Friday.	Saturday.
6-20s—1862	113½	113½
" 1864	107½	107½
" 1865	108½	108½
" 1865 new	108½	108½
" 1867	108½	108½
" 1868	108½	108½
Currency 6's	119½	119½
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	97½	97½
Do Scrip	93½	94
Erie	24½	24½
Reading	90½	90½
Lake Shore	93½	93½
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	89½	89½
Rock Island	111½	111½
Chicago & N. W.	81	81
Do. Preferred	90½	90½
Pacific Mail	91½	91½
Pa. Coal, Common	81½	81½
Do. Preferred	81½	81½
Ohio & Mississippi	30½	30½
Wabash	52½	52½
Do preferred	78	78
Adams Express	65¾	65¾

BANK STATEMENT.

The New York Bank statement for the week exhibits but little change, and is more favorable than was expected.

Loans decreased	$	1,100
Legal Tenders decreased		883,100
Deposits decreased		485,300
Specie increased		642,300
Circulation decreased		52,200

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Brady & Co.:			
U. S. 6s, 1881	113½	4-30 Jan. & Jy. 1865	93½
U. S. 5-20 1862	113½	4-30 Jan. & Jy. 1867	93½
U. S. 5-20 1864	107½	4-30 Jan. & Jy. 1868	93½
U. S. 5-20 1865	108½	U. P. R. R.	87½
U. S. 5-20 1865	7	U. P. L. G.	97
U. S. 10-40	93½	Cv. Pacifics	103½

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, November 26, 1870.

Exchange 9. Money easy.

Governments: Coupons of 81, 115½; five-twenties of '62, 107½; do '64, 108½; do '65, 107; new do, 108½; do '67, 108½; do '68, 109½; ten-forties, 104½; currency sixes, 116½.

State bonds: Missouris, 93½; old Tennessees, 60½; new do, 55½; new Virginias, 63½; old do, 64; old North Carolinas, ¾; new do, 25½.

Western Union Telegraph 81½; Quicksilver 6; Mariposa 9½; do, preferred 19½; Adams Express 66½; Wells Fargo Express 69; Merchants' Union 48½; United States Express 35½; Pacific Mail 91½; New York Central 97½; Scrip 93; Erie 24; do, preferred 40; Hudson 132; do, preferred 125; Reading 90½; Michigan Central 120½; Central and Pacific, 102; Northwestern 81; do, preferred 90; Fort Wayne 111½; New Jersey Central 106; St. Paul 60¾; do, preferred 81½; Wabash 52½; do, preferred 78; Illinois Central 126; Cleveland & Pittsburgh 89; Chicago & Rock Island 111½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago 97½; do, preferred 117; Ohio & Mississippi 30½; C. C. C. & Indianapolis 84; Chicago & Alton 115

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Observations Made by the storm Signal Service of the United States Army.

Pittsburg, Nov. 27, 1870.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
	7.21	4.21	11.21
Height of Barometer	30.09	30.15	30.17
Change since last report	.24	.06	.02
Thermometer	45°	50°	41°
Change in last 24 hours	12°	16°	9°
Direction of wind	O.	W.	N.W
Velocity of wind—miles per hour		2	2
Pressure of wind—pounds per square foot	Cm.	.02	.02
Force of wind reduced to Beaufort scale—approx	C'm.	A.	A.
Amount of cloud		N.	
Rain-fall since last report—inches and hths		2	1
State of weather			

NOTES—In the telegraphic reports, only the variations of the Barometer since the last reports are given; decrease being marked here and throughout the table by the minus sign.

Character of the winds, to save space, is indicated by letters of the alphabet, as follows: A, just perceptible; B, gently brisk; C, pleasant breeze; D, very brisk; E, high wind; F, very high wind; G, strong gale; H, violent gale; I, hurricane; J, most violent hurricane.

State of the weather, in the same way, is indicated by numerals as follows: 1, clear; 2, fair; 3, light rain; 4, heavy rain; 5, snow; 6, cloudy; 7, overcast.

JAMES WEST, Observer Sergeant.

Read the contest awards of the managers of St. Bridget's Church Fair—printed elsewhere to-day.

Wanted — Feed-Boy — Apply at GAZETTE Counting Room this evening between six and ten o'clock.

The Stockholders of the Cherry Run and Pittsburgh Petroleum Company will find a very interesting notice in connection with their names in another column.

Mrs. Rittie Henderson, the charming actress and a portion of the Ocera House stock company, play at Sharon this week, which will be a rare treat for the Sharonites.

Pat Murphy, who has figured as a vagrant in this vicinity for almost a generation, is now acting at the county work house in Riding Orchard. He was committed to that institution some time ago by Mayor Callow.

First Ward, Allegheny.—The Republicans of this ward will hold a meeting on Tuesday evening, at the School House, for the purpose of naming persons for the various ward offices. Every true Republican interested in nominating a good ticket, attend.

Road Crushed.—Saturday evening a young man named Applegate, employed at Armstrong & Co's Machine Shop, corner of Sandusky and Water streets, Allegheny, had his head crushed under the falling of a heavy iron plate, which he attempted to lift.

Fourth Ward, Allegheny.—The Republicans of this ward will hold a meeting on Tuesday evening at the Sandusky street School House for the purpose of nominating persons for the various ward offices. Every Republican of the ward attend and see to it that good men are nominated.

Fourteenth Ward Republican Meeting.—An adjourned meeting of the Republicans of the Fourth ward will be held at the school house on Liberty street, on Monday evening, October 31st, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of making suggestions for ward officers, to be voted for at the Republican primary election, to be held on Saturday next, between three and seven o'clock P. M.

Musical.—Mr. George Simpson, the best English tenor in this country, and Mr. J. G. Russell, the great English bass, will engage in the McCaffrey concert at Library Hall next Friday evening. The sale of reserved seats for said concert will open at Darr & Kuhn's confectionery, No. 12 Sixth street, on Wednesday morning at nine o'clock.

It will be a source of deep regret to amusement lovers to learn that Manager Henderson of the Opera House purposes at the close of the present season to retire to private life. He has already earned as fine a fortune as he desires to, and has a sufficient fortune to enable him to retire from the active theatrical life. He counts friends by the thousands in this community.

Iced Beef.—Walter, son of Robt. Thompson, was well known to many of the city boys. He started to sea at the St. Louis wharf on Thanksgiving day to the discharge of a rifle, and was accidentally shot while standing on the boat "Deer Lodge." His body will arrive here to-day and will be buried to-morrow morning from his parents residence, No. 158 South avenue, Allegheny. The deceased was nineteen years of age.

Sharp retort.—It is stated, and by Booth himself we are told, that a worthy clergyman called on him at his hotel and inquired if there were an side doors through which he might obtain a private box in the Theatre, to hear him in Hamlet, without any body seeing him. The great tragedian promptly replied, "Sir, there are no doors in the world through which God cannot see, and I refuse to find such in the Opera House!" The reverend individual vanished.

A New Train de Pen Handle Railroad.

We owe our readers an apology for not sooner informing them that on the 20th inst., an additional train was placed on this great thoroughfare. This train leaves the Union Depot at 9 A. M., arriving at Orrville only morning train left at 1.23 and 12.15. The want of one leaving at an intermediate hour was much felt, and the Company, with a laudable disposition to provide whatever facilities are demanded by public convenience, have placed this train in use on their road, hoping its long needed to be subserve the wants of its patrons, and so the new mail train will depart at 9 A. M. and arrive at 12.20 P. M.

Half Acre Lots at Braddock's by Auction.

The manufacturing interests and large industrial population in Braddock's make it the most thriving point around our city. The facility of two railroads (Central and Connellsville) gives it unusual convenience for residence. On to-morrow afternoon there will be sold, on premises, thirty of the finest half acre lots over offered on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, immediately above, and within two minutes' walk of Braddock's depot, on the Penn. Railroad. For particulars of the sale, see Mell sine's auction advertisement. A free excursion train will leave Union Depot at half past one o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

Coroner's Inquest.

Coroner West was called upon Saturday to hold an inquest on the body of Henry Ray, late a resident of Mansfield, who was killed on the Panhandle Railroad, near that place. It appears that Ray was walking on the track, and hearing the whistle of a locomotive, and thinking it was an approaching train, stepped off to the side to get out of the way. The track upon which he stepped led to a stone quarry, and at the time a "dump train" was passing upon the track, which, in the darkness was not seen by the unfortunate man. He was knocked down on the track, and his body severed, almost severing it. The jury over the body, almost severing it. The jury found that deceased came to his death by accident, and censure the coal company for not requiring the dump cars to carry signal lights when running after night.

Miss Harwood.

The lady who will personate Dickens' Mrs. Jarley at the Exhibition of Wax Figures this evening at Library Hall, as we learn from a private letter to a gentleman of this city, is a daughter of Admiral Harwood, of our navy. "Miss Harwood has devoted her life to the work of educating and healing poor sick children. She raises her money by these entertainments. Every cent goes to a worthy and successful charity (Washington, D. C.), in Philadelphia, and wherever given. She is the most noted worker in humanitarian causes that I have ever met. We understand that Miss Harwood consented to participate in this entertainment this evening at Library Hall only on condition that a certain portion of the proceeds should go to Mrs. Leas's charity at Washington City. The result is to be applied to church purposes at East Liberty in this city. The low-priced seats notwithstanding the rates are higher than usual, are being rapidly secured. The audience to-night will be equal to Sumner's on Thursday evening.

Death of an Old Citizen.

Deathseems to be reaping closely among our older households. Another has been called to the morning, one of the best known and oldest citizens of Allegheny, Mr. M. McGonnigle, died at his residence on Union avenue. The deceased had been suffering for some time past with consumption and his decline, therefore, was not unexpected. He was in the sixty-fifth year of his age. It has his claim, that there was one child born and died in that part on of Allegheny, which is embraced within the Four Parks—that is the territory bounded by Liberty avenue, Penn avenue, Fifth avenue and Grant street. During his lifetime he has been associated more or less intimately with municipal affairs in Allegheny. For sixteen years he filled the position of Clerk of Councils, and was subsequently tax collector, and was for a number of years superintendent of the Poor Farm. At the organization of the board of Poor Directors he was elected Secretary, a position which he held from that time until his death. The deceased was an active temperance man in interviews and did much to advance the cause. He was a member of the Church of the First Presbyterian Church of Allegheny, (formerly Dr. Herron's) and was widely known through the community, and as well respected. A wife and several children are left to mourn his loss.

Free Excursion, and great Sale of Lots at Verner, this Morning.

Though the environs of Pittsburgh have so many elegant residences, the real rush out of town has scarcely set in. The former sale of lots at the new town of Verner, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, shows that it is beginning. Those appreciating the inducements there offered, will secure to themselves a decided advantage over those who are longer making the discovery. Verner is situated most delightly on a gently elevated plateau, commanding views of the entire valley. There are some of the loveliest sites for suburban residence. These lots are amply large, by over one half acre. Now but, again, fronting on several streets leading directly to the Machine Shops to be erected by the Valley Railroad, are many lots of smaller size. These are equally beautiful with the others, and will be the favorite homes of hundreds employed in constructing and repairing locomotive and other machinery of the Road. Here also will be the locality chosen for many kinds of business, springing up in connection with the industrious population which the workshops will bring together. We are positively assured by Col. Phillips, President of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, that the work on the Machine shops at Verner will be commenced early in the coming spring, and pushed forward to a speedy conclusion. The free Excursion Train, for the last sale of Lots this season, leaves the Union Depot at half past 10 o'clock this morning, rain or pavement on account of weather. A lunch will be served at noon.

THE WAYS OF SHAME.

A Young Girl on the Downward Road—She Deserts Her Home and Cannot be Found—How it Results.

Saturday morning a peculiarly sad case of depravity was developed in Allegheny. A young girl, daughter of parents who enjoy a good social standing, was missing at the breakfast table. Search was made, and it was found that she had not slept in the house during the night. Suspicion was aroused, and investigations were made, which resulted in the following sad story:

[illegible] Mrs. [illegible] Street, Allegheny, [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] Street, Allegheny, [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] Street, Allegheny, [